7inch HDMI Display-(S)

User Manual

[Product Description]

- 7,, standard display, IPS, 1024 × 600 Hardware resolution, Up to 1920x1080 software configuration resolution
- Capacitive touch screen, maximum support 5 point touch
- Tempered glass touch panel, hardness up to 6H, more durable and more scratch resistant
- A breathing light is built into the front panel to indicate the working status
- The front panel has a set of hidden touch buttons that allow for one-click backlight brightness adjustments
- Comprehensive shell care
- Stereo speakers and 3.5mm headphone jack, support HDMI audio input, Headset audio output
- Can be used as general-purpose-use HDMI monitor, for example: connect with a computer HDMI as the sub-display
- Work as a PC monitor, support **Win7/Win8/Win10** system, 5 point touch ,free drive
- Support Raspberry Pi/BB Black/Banana Pi/Jetson Nano and so on
- Used as a Raspberry Pi display that supports Raspbian/Ubuntu/ Kali-Linux/ Kodi/win10 IOT, single-touch, free drive
- As the display of game console, it supports **PS4**, **Xbox 360**, **Switch**, etc
- **CE**, **RoHS** certification

[Product Parameters]

- Size: 7.0 (inch)
- SKU: MPI7008 ٠ IPS
- Type: ٠
- Resolution: 1024×600 (dots) ٠
- Touch: five-point capacitive touch ٠
- Dimensions: 180.0x125.0(mm) ٠
- 510 (g) Weight: ٠

[Hardware Description]

Dimensions:





Built-in buttons, the functions are as follows: ٠





KEY	DESCRIPTION
BREATHING	short press once, the backlight brightness reduce by10%, after reaching10%, it will start to cycle from 100%;
LIGHT	Long press3seconds, backlight off;
Ċ	short press again, Restore the brightness before · when there is HDMI signal, press the button, the system starts up, andthe breathing lamp turns blue and slowly flashes. press again, the system s huts down, the breathing light turns red and slowly flashes ·
Menu	open/close the system settings Menu; Return
	shortcut keys, Mute; In the system settings Menu, confirm
K	shortcut key, backlight brightness increase; Inthe system settings Menu, up
	shortcut key, backlight brightness reduction; In the system settings Menu, Down
	shortcut key, volume reduction; In the system settings Menu, Left
	shortcut key, volume increase; Inthe system settings Menu, Right

*without HDMI signal, you won't be able to use the system settings Menu and volume related shortcuts,

*when using the speakerexternal releasefunction, you need to connect to the powER interface with an external power supply. otherwise, the display flicker, sound distortion and even shutdown may occur due to insufficient powER supply.

(OSD)

color

- Brightness: The adjusting range is from oto100.
- Backlight: The adjusting range is from oto100.
- · contrast:The adjusting range is from oto100.
- $\cdot\,$ saturation: The adjusting range is from oto100.
- color Temp:Adjust the colorTemp mode
 9300K/6500K/USER

OSD

- Language: selecttheosD language.
 The selections: English, simplified chinese,
 French, Italian, German, spanish, Traditional
 chinese, Japanese, korean and Russian.
- H Position:Adjust the horizontalposition of osD menu and the adjusting range is from oto100.
- v position: Adjust the vertical position of osD menu and the adjusting range is from oto100.
- OSD Timeout:Adjust osD timeout from0(off)to
 60 S.
- Transparent: Adjust the transparencyofosD
 Menu and adjusting range is from oto7.

Function

• Reset:selects "yes" to revert all settings to the factory default mode.

 Display Ratio:Adjust the display ratio mode to I6:9,4:3or Auto.







- sharpness: Adjust the picture sharpness. The adjusting range is from oto100.
 sound
- volume:Adjust thevolume in the range of 0-100.

5	s	Sound	
) () () () () () () () () () (Volume		21
	1024	x600x60HZ	

[How to use with Raspbian/Ubuntu Mate/Kali Core System]

- Step 1, Install the official image
 1) Download the official image file of Raspberry Pi:
 Raspbian: https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/
 User name: pi Password: raspberry
 Ubuntu Mate: <u>https://ubuntu-mate.org/download/</u>
 The user name and password can be set by yourself
 Kali-linux-arm: https://www.offensive-security.com/kali-linux-arm-images/
 User name: root Password: toor
 - Insert the Micro SD Card into the computer, open the SD Card Formatter software and format the Micro SD Card.

не нер		
Select card		
H:\- boot		
		Refresh
Card information		
Туре	SDHC	52
Capacity	7.45 G8	
Formatting optio	ns	
Quick format		
Overwrite for	mat	
Volume label		
boot		

Select card	
H:\ - boot	
	Refresh
SD Card Formatter	. X-
Do you want to continu	e?
Do you want to continu	e?
Do you want to continu	e?
Do you want to continu	e?



3) Open Win32DiskImager

SWin32 Disk Imager			• ×
Image File			Device
Copy III ND5 Hash: Progress		Ľ	
Version: 0.9.5 Cancel	Read	Vrite	Exit
Waiting for a task.	_	- hfai	1W/K

4) Different systems select the corresponding image file



5) Burn the image file





Sin 32 Disk Imager			
Image File			Device
aspbian-stretch/2018-06-27	-raspbian-s	stretch.img	■ [[H:/] *
Copy 🕅 MD5 Hash:			
Progress			1.000
			1%
Version: 0.9.5 Cancel	Read	Write	Exit
13.9442MB/s			IVVIK

6) Burning process about 10 minutes, see the following screen, indicating the successful burning.



• Step 2, Modify the config.txt configuration file

Open the config.txt file in the root directory of the Micro SD card and insert the following code at the end of the file to save and safely exit the Micro SD card

hdmi_force_edid_audio=1
max_usb_current=1
hdmi_force_hotplug=1
config_hdmi_boost=7
hdmi_group=2
hdmi_mode=87
hdmi_drive=2
display_rotate=0
hdmi_cvt 1024 600 60 6 0 0 0

Step 3, Plug the Micro SD card into the Raspberry Pi, Connect the Raspberry Pi to the display with the HDMI cable and USB cable, and power up the Raspberry Pi. The display can display and touch normally, and the speaker also has sound output.



[How to use as PC monitor]

- Connect the computer HDMI output signal to the LCD HDMI interface
- Connect the LCD's USB Touch interface to the USB port of the device
- If there are several monitors, please unplug other monitor connectors first, and use LCD as the only monitor for testing.

